Table 3. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work¹ by selected worker occupations and industry division, 2001

Indiana--private industry

		Goods producing				Service producing				
Occupation	Private industry ²	Agriculture, forestry, and fishing ²	Mining ³	Construction	Manufactur- ing	Transportation and public utilities 4	Wholesale trade	Retail trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services
Total	33,677	365	237	3,425	11,121		2,469	4,830	871	6,509
Truck drivers	3,237		16	74	396		619	231		63
Nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants	1,411									1,411
Construction laborers	1,181			1,115	19					
Laborers, nonconstruction	1,123		73	,	558		273	81		93
Assemblers	1,043				978					
Janitors and cleaners	885				293				110	431
Supervisors and proprietors, sales occupations	822						392	281		118
Welders and cutters	609		7		518					
Electricians	559		5	260	40					242
Cashiers	520							477		40
Bus, truck, and stationary engine mechanics	492				13					187
Driver-sales workers	471				158			303		
Groundskeepers and gardeners, exc. farm	456	129							237	
Carpenters	450			255	146					
Cooks	407							310		86
Registered nurses	390									379
Industrial machinery repairers	355		33		308					
Stock handlers and baggers	354							305		17
Plumbers, pipefitters, and steamfitters	317			274	40					
Sales workers, other commodities	309							301		
Hand packers and packagers	285				100			86		46
Kitchen workers, food preparation	284							282		
Maids and housemen	281									258
Automobile mechanics	277							214		47
Brickmasons and stonemasons	271			271						
Stock and inventory clerks	271				86			131		
Production inspectors, checkers, and examiners	263				177					81
Slicing and cutting machine operators	252				115					59
Electrical and electronic equipment assemblers	248				248					
Structural metal workers	241			164	77					 4 <i>-</i> -
Industrial truck and tractor equipment operators	238		14		174					15

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

Oil and Gas Extraction.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating State agencies.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. Data for Mining (Division B in the Standard Industrial Classification Manual, 1987 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in

⁴ Data conforming to OSHA definitions for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.